

Mathematics

Time, Task and Resource Management - The student utilizes mathematical concepts to coordinate and plan daily activities. WRS: 1, 15, 16 MATH-TTRM

1 Recognize and Recall

- a Identify numbers 1- 60, days of the week, months of the year MATH-TTRM.1A
 - b Respond to timer-based systems during daily activities MATH-TTRM.1B
-

2 Identify and Comprehend

- a Find a specified date on a calendar MATH-TTRM.2A
 - b Access and follow a personalized daily schedule (e.g. visual, auditory) MATH-TTRM.2B
 - c Identify the time using digital and/or analog clocks (hours, half hours minutes) MATH-TTRM.2C
 - d Calculate elapsed time using digital or analog clocks MATH-TTRM.2D
-

3 Interpret and Understand

- a Prioritize activities, from a given set, to develop a personal daily, weekly, and/or monthly schedule MATH-TTRM.3A
 - b Use digital and analog clocks at all intervals (hour, half-hour, minute) to comment on the time, estimate time needs, and solve real-life problems MATH-TTRM.3B
 - c Demonstrate knowledge of equivalent units of time (i.e., 1 hour = 60 minutes; 1 day = 24 hours) MATH-TTRM.3C
 - d Predict the length of time a given event will take MATH-TTRM.3D
-

4 Apply and Generalize

- a Utilize a calendar to plan for and participate in a variety of activities MATH-TTRM.4A
 - b Use a calendar to coordinate events or activities with others MATH-TTRM.4B
 - c Create a schedule to plan for, participate in and follow academic, work-related, and leisure activities (daily, weekly and monthly) MATH-TTRM.4C
 - d Use clocks and watches or other electronics to understand time, predict, and prepare for events MATH-TTRM.4D
-

Data Sense - The student demonstrates ability to collect and use data to make informed decisions. WRS: 16 MATH-DATA

1 Recognize and Recall

- a Gather data by counting and tallying MATH-DATA.1A
- b With information provided, sort necessary from unnecessary data MATH-DATA.1B
- c Recognize that a graph provides information MATH-DATA.1C

2 Identify and Comprehend

- a Identify various forms of data collection (reflective of daily activities), using graphs **MATH-DATA.2A**
- b Categorize data to put in usable format **MATH-DATA.2B**
- c Insert data into a preconstructed template **MATH-DATA.2C**
- d Use graph data to answer questions **MATH-DATA.2D**
- e Compare two sets of data within a single data display **MATH-DATA.2E**

3 Interpret and Understand

- a Collect and organize data, using surveys, observations, measurements, or experiments **MATH-DATA.3A**
- b Determine most appropriate form of data representation **MATH-DATA.3B**
- c Given a model, interpret data on a graph in order to explain the information it provides **MATH-DATA.3C**
- d Interpret and explain information displayed in a graph, using the vocabulary more, less, fewer, greater than, less than, and equal to **MATH-DATA.3D**
- e Calculate and describe the mean, median, mode, and range of a set of data **MATH-DATA.3E**

4 Apply and Generalize

- a Given a problem situation, collect, organize, display, and draw conclusions from the data **MATH-DATA.4A**
 - b Compile data to construct a simple graph and explain the data **MATH-DATA.4B**
 - c Use data to make hypotheses about the information **MATH-DATA.4C**
 - d Summarize data distributions on a graph or table **MATH-DATA.4D**
 - e Analyze data from a variety of graphs to answer questions **MATH-DATA.4E**
 - f Use calculations and descriptions of the mean, median, mode, and range of a set of data to solve real life problems **MATH-DATA.4F**
-

Mathematical Reasoning
- The student uses
mathematical principles
and reasoning to
accomplish tasks. WRS:
16 MATH-MR

1 Recognize and Recall

- a Count by twos, fives and tens MATH-MR.1A
- b Recognize wholes, halves, and one-quarters MATH-MR.1B
- c Discriminate between equal and unequal groups of objects MATH-MR.1C
- d Sort like and unlike items MATH-MR.1D
- e Locate a number on a number line MATH-MR.1E
- f Recognize the place value of a digit within a number MATH-MR.1F
- g Identify numbers 1- 100 in numerals MATH-MR.1G
- h Transpose numbers in written or typed format into a calculator MATH-MR.1H
- i Transpose numbers in written or typed format into a software programs MATH-MR.1I
- j Recall, repeat and protect identifying numbers (i.e., phone number, parent's phone number, address, and birthday) MATH-MR.1J
- k Recognize use of software programs for mathematical use MATH-MR.1K

2 Identify and Comprehend

- a Solve real world division problems with equal and unequal groups of countable objects. Numbers used in the problems should be within 1000 without remainders MATH-MR.2A
- b Partition sets or groups into equal shares MATH-MR.2B
- c Describe the shares using fraction language MATH-MR.2C
- d Identify when two amounts have equivalent values, including whole and rational numbers MATH-MR.2D
- e Comprehends math directional words MATH-MR.2E
- f Recognize different types of patterns (shape, color, number) MATH-MR.2F
- g Classify different types of patterns (i.e., A, B, A; A, B, B, A.; A, B, C) MATH-MR.2G
- h Represent fractions as a number on a number line including mixed numbers MATH-MR.2H
- i Recognize and identify multiple representations of a number MATH-MR.2I
- j Build whole numbers using multiple representations MATH-MR.2J
- k Identify place value of decimals MATH-MR.2K
- l Sequence 1-100 MATH-MR.2L
- m Count to 100 with one-to-one correspondence MATH-MR.2M
- n Use a variety of calculators to solve basic mathematical functions MATH-MR.2N
- o Identify personal or descriptive variables in multiple number formats, (i.e., Birthday = July 19 or 7/19, it is May 15, 2016 or 5/15/2016 or 5/15/16, or Phone: (804)555-5555 or 804-555-5555 or 555-5555) MATH-MR.2O
- p Define math vocabulary (i.e., more than, less than, solve, estimate) MATH-MR.2P

3 Interpret and Understand

- a Understand inverse operations [MATH-MR.3A](#)
- b Build decimals using multiple representations [MATH-MR.3B](#)
- c Given a division problem, solve for the whole or a part [MATH-MR.3C](#)
- d Describe lengths on a number line using fractions [MATH-MR.3D](#)
- e Solve equivalence problems and determine if each person received an equal amount [MATH-MR.3E](#)
- f Identify the output when given the input and a given function [MATH-MR.3F](#)
- g Interpret and extend patterns [MATH-MR.3G](#)
- h Compare two fractions (the fractions could be equivalent) by creating common denominators, or by comparing to a benchmark fraction (0, $\frac{1}{2}$, 1, etc.) [MATH-MR.3H](#)
- i Compare values of numbers 1-100,000 [MATH-MR.3I](#)
- j Add and subtract numbers between 1 and 100 [MATH-MR.3J](#)
- k Use a calculator to compute sums and differences when given mathematical problems [MATH-MR.3K](#)
- l Use a software program to compute problems and order lists of numbers [MATH-MR.3L](#)
- m Identify what mathematical whole number skills and prerequisites are necessary to achieve post-secondary goals (i.e., community college, vocation) [MATH-MR.3M](#)

4 Apply and Generalize

- a Use whole numbers and decimals to solve multiplicative comparison problems that describe a proportion in a real world application **MATH-MR.4A**
- b Solve ratio problems in a real world application using fractions where the ratio describes a part-part relationship **MATH-MR.4B**
- c Generate equivalent fractions, decimals, and percentages **MATH-MR.4C**
- d Compare fractions, decimals, and percentages by using equivalencies or by comparing to a benchmark **MATH-MR.4D**
- e Analyze the general form of a pattern and apply it/make predictions **MATH-MR.4E**
- f Demonstrate problem solving that includes part-whole and ordering relationships **MATH-MR.4F**
- g Solve real world problems using decimals **MATH-MR.4G**
- h Recognize, order, and compare numbers through 100,000,000 **MATH-MR.4H**
- i Multiply and divide whole numbers up to the thousandths place **MATH-MR.4I**
- j Demonstrate understanding of how to use a calculator (which functions to choose) to solve mathematical problems requiring division and multiplication **MATH-MR.4J**
- k Use a software program to analyze data **MATH-MR.4K**
- l Complete practice activities specific to postsecondary goals (i.e., Take the whole number math portions of practice tests for college entrance exams or word problems related to vocation) **MATH-MR.4L**

Geometric and Spatial Reasoning - The student uses geometric properties to solve real-world problems. WRS:

16 **MATH-GSR**

1 Recognize and Recall

- a Sort 2-dimensional plane figures by a variety of basic properties (size, shape, angles, name) **MATH-GSR.1A**
- b Determine inside, outside, and edge of a given shape **MATH-GSR.1B**
- c Distinguish between a shorter or longer distance **MATH-GSR.1C**
- d Recognize when two figures are congruent by matching congruent sides and/or angles **MATH-GSR.1D**

2 Identify and Comprehend

- a Identify plane figures with more than four vertices **MATH-GSR.2A**
- b Find the area and perimeter of plane figures **MATH-GSR.2B**
- c Compare the steepness of two or more lines **MATH-GSR.2C**
- d Compare distances, lengths, areas and volumes on comparable items **MATH-GSR.2D**
- e Find the midpoint of a given line **MATH-GSR.2E**
- f Calculate slope (i.e., rise/run) by counting blocks on a coordinate plane **MATH-GSR.2F**
- g Identify the number of sides and angles on a plane figure **MATH-GSR.2G**
- h Identify the concept of middle for a variety of figures **MATH-GSR.2H**

3 Interpret and Understand

- a Determine whether to use perimeter or area based on a given real life situation **MATH-GSR.3A**
- b Construct a variety of figures that have similar area or perimeter **MATH-GSR.3B**
- c Measure a given line to determine length/distance (i.e., scale on a map) **MATH-GSR.3C**
- d Interpret a given problem to determine whether to calculate slope, midpoint, and distance **MATH-GSR.3D**

4 Apply and Generalize

- a Describe attributes of plane figures and apply those attributes to draw basic conclusions (i.e., I know this is a square so the angles must be 90°) **MATH-GSR.4A**
 - b Apply formulas for perimeter and area of a given shape to solve for unknown real-world values **MATH-GSR.4B**
 - c Find the slope, midpoint, and distance to solve real life problems in a variety of ways **MATH-GSR.4C**
 - d Demonstrate understanding of spatial planning and reasoning **MATH-GSR.4D**
-

Measurement - The student uses different systems of measurement to solve real-world problems.

WRS:16 MATH-MEAS

1 Recognize and Recall

- a Determine how objects compare to one another based on length and height MATH-MEAS.1A
 - b Recognize tools used to measure mass/weight MATH-MEAS.1B
 - c Compare two items based on relative weight MATH-MEAS.1C
 - d Compare which container can hold more or less of a given substance MATH-MEAS.1D
 - e Recognize tools used to measure temperature MATH-MEAS.1E
 - f Compare the relative temperature with the terms cold, warm, or hot MATH-MEAS.1F
 - g Recognize multiple ways to measure various items or elements such as weight, height, volume, temperature, etc. MATH-MEAS.1G
 - h Recognize tools used to measure liquid, solid, temperature and other physical attributes of objects MATH-MEAS.1H
 - i Recognize the type of measurement used by the designation of measurement MATH-MEAS.1I
 - j Recognize approximate size of common items by type and amount of measurement used MATH-MEAS.1J
 - k Recognize equivalent measures MATH-MEAS.1K
-

2 Identify and Comprehend

- a Measure a given object using a ruler to the nearest half-unit MATH-MEAS.2A
- b Determine the weight of a given object or objects using a scale MATH-MEAS.2B
- c Measure volume in containers through given unit (i.e., cups, pints, quarts, gallons) MATH-MEAS.2C
- d Using a thermometer, determine the temperature in Celsius and Fahrenheit MATH-MEAS.2D
- e Identify smaller and larger units of measure in customary system MATH-MEAS.2E
- f Identify smaller and larger units of measure in metric system MATH-MEAS.2F
- g Identify the most appropriate unit of measurement to solve a problem MATH-MEAS.2G
- h Recognize that there are multiple ways to measure a given object MATH-MEAS.2H
- i Read and comprehend measurement vocabulary and what symbols go with which measurement tools MATH-MEAS.2I
- j Recognize freezing and boiling temperatures in both customary and metric systems MATH-MEAS.2J

3 Interpret and Understand

- a Determine length by drawing a non-scale model and utilizing basic operations to solve for length (i.e., length of a trip) **MATH-MEAS.3A**
- b Measure a given object to its exact length **MATH-MEAS.3B**
- c Estimate the weight of an object, then through measurement, compare and contrast the weights of two given objects **MATH-MEAS.3C**
- d Compare volume of two given figures **MATH-MEAS.3D**
- e Determine the implication of relative temperature values on daily life (i.e., it is 60° so long sleeves may be appropriate) **MATH-MEAS.3E**
- f Recognize equivalent measures within the standard measurement system **MATH-MEAS.3F**
- g Apply knowledge of equivalent measures within the metric measurement system **MATH-MEAS.3G**

4 Apply and Generalize

- a Apply various methods (i.e., distance formula) to determine the length of an unknown value without using a ruler. **MATH-MEAS.4A**
 - b Through estimation, compare and contrast the weights of two given objects **MATH-MEAS.4B**
 - c Given a problem involving mass, predict the number of units required for an item of different magnitude **MATH-MEAS.4C**
 - d Determine the shape of a given real-world figure and then locate the correct formula to determine volume of the given figure **MATH-MEAS.4D**
 - e Determine temperature change (including moving from negative to positive temperatures) in a given real world situation **MATH-MEAS.4E**
 - f Convert various measures into other appropriate units of measurement **MATH-MEAS.4F**
 - g Estimate appropriate measures between customary and metric measurement systems **MATH-MEAS.4G**
-

**Money Management -
The student uses money
appropriately to
purchase goods and
services, plan a personal
budget, and make
financial
decisions.** MATH-MONEY

1 Recognize and Recall

- a Recognize available forms of currency: cash, credit, debit, check book MATH-MONEY . 1A
 - b Discriminate values of commonly used coins MATH-MONEY . 1B
 - c Discriminate between commonly used bills MATH-MONEY . 1C
 - d Arrange multiple representations of money values. (e.g., 25 cents = 25 pennies, or 2 dimes and a nickel) MATH-MONEY . 1D
 - e Recognize real or model ATM and credit cards MATH-MONEY . 1E
 - f Pay for simple purchases using debit or credit card MATH-MONEY . 1F
 - g Pay for purchases using next dollar strategy MATH-MONEY . 1G
-

2 Identify and Comprehend

- a Identify value of commonly used coins and bills MATH-MONEY . 2A
- b Find sums and differences of money with like units (all nickels, all dollar bills, etc.) MATH-MONEY . 2B
- c Identify patterns associated with making change from whole number values (subtraction with regrouping) MATH-MONEY . 2C
- d Counts a variety of combinations of coins and bills up to five dollars MATH-MONEY . 2D
- e Compares values of two or more products to identify which is more and less expensive MATH-MONEY . 2E
- f Pays for simple choice purchases independently in at least 3 different environments MATH-MONEY . 2F
- g Understands association between ATM cards and credit cards and payment MATH-MONEY . 2G

3 Interpret and Understand

- a Find products and quotients of money with like units (all nickels, all dollar bills, etc.) **MATH-MONEY . 3A**
- b Apply concepts for making change in the most efficient manner (i.e., using 2 quarters and 2 dimes as opposed to 70 pennies) **MATH-MONEY . 3B**
- c Investigate patterns for making change with mixed number values up to thousands of dollars (subtraction with re-grouping and division) **MATH-MONEY . 3C**
- d Counts a variety of combinations of coins and bills up to fifty dollars **MATH-MONEY . 3D**
- e Counts and records values of coins and bills to find sum of money **MATH-MONEY . 3E**
- f Makes change from given amount of money **MATH-MONEY . 3F**
- g Use a calculator to compute sums and differences when given a word problem relating to money and purchase with an ATM and credit card **MATH-MONEY . 3G**
- h Use a software program to compute problems and order lists of values **MATH-MONEY . 3H**
- i Use software template to populate values in a simple budget **MATH-MONEY . 3I**
- j Locate, select, and purchase necessary items such as food and/or personal care items **MATH-MONEY . 3J**
- k Explain the steps for opening and maintaining a checking account **MATH-MONEY . 3K**
- l Stores and responsibly manages checks, cards and cash **MATH-MONEY . 3L**
- m Explain the steps for opening and maintaining a savings account **MATH-MONEY . 3M**
- n Calculate tip/tax/discount using percentages (including percent of increase, percent of decrease) **MATH-MONEY . 3N**
- o Calculate interest rates on loans **MATH-MONEY . 3O**

4 Apply and Generalize

- a Find sums, differences, products, and quotients of money with mixed units **MATH-MONEY.4A**
- b Identify qualifications to obtain credit or bank account **MATH-MONEY.4B**
- c Analyze credit card features and their impact on personal financial planning **MATH-MONEY.4C**
- d Compare and contrast terms and conditions of various sources of consumer credit **MATH-MONEY.4D**
- e Finds total from a list of items and services to adjust and prioritize spending based on available funds or estimated costs associated with independent living (grocery list, bills) **MATH-MONEY.4E**
- f Interpret and analyze interest rates on purchases made with a credit card **MATH-MONEY.4F**
- g Interpret and analyze purchases made with ATM cards based on real or model banking account information **MATH-MONEY.4G**
- h Express preferred method of payment for a variety of large and small purchases for needs and wants **MATH-MONEY.4H**
- i Use online tools and banking to monitor account (e.g., personal checking and/or savings; returns/investments accounts) **MATH-MONEY.4I**
- j Comparison shops based on multiple factors **MATH-MONEY.4J**
- k Explains benefits and costs of using a line of credit; Avoids opening multiple lines of credit **MATH-MONEY.4K**

Ratios and Proportions -
The student uses
proportions to solve
real-world problems.
WRS:16 **MATH-RATIO**

1 Recognize and Recall

- a Compare numbers and determine which is greater or smaller **MATH-RATIO.1A**
- b Define percent as part of a whole, where the whole is 100 **MATH-RATIO.1B**

2 Identify and Comprehend

- a Identify parts of a ratio **MATH-RATIO.2A**
- b Represent or model percentages **MATH-RATIO.2B**
- c Compare and contrast percentages using models **MATH-RATIO.2C**

3 Interpret and Understand

- a Calculate, compare, and contrast unit rates (per mile, per ounce, per gallon, etc.). [The concept of per.] **MATH-RATIO.3A**
- b Solve rate division problems involving constant speed and pricing. Numbers used in the problems should include whole numbers and decimals **MATH-RATIO.3B**
- c Calculate the percent of a number (tip, tax, interest, discount, etc.) **MATH-RATIO.3C**
- d Determine the total amount based on tip, tax, interest, discount, etc. **MATH-RATIO.3D**

4 Apply and Generalize

- a Explore the multiplicative relationships between the parts of a ratio to make predictions (e.g., if $x/y = \frac{1}{4}$ then $y = 4x$; if it takes x minutes to do this one task how long will it take to do 20 tasks) **MATH-RATIO.4A**
- b Determine the percent increase and the percent decrease **MATH-RATIO.4B**
- c Apply and construct concepts of percentage to graphical representations **MATH-RATIO.4C**
- d Construct circle graphs using percentage data **MATH-RATIO.4D**
- e Estimate total costs of purchases, taxes and/or tips **MATH-RATIO.4E**